Simba Technologies Inc.

Version 1.2.15
September 21, 2017
About This Guide

Purpose

The *Simba Impala ODBC Driver with SQL Connector Installation and Configuration Guide* explains how to install and configure the Simba Impala ODBC Driver with SQL Connector. The guide also provides details related to features of the driver.

Audience

The guide is intended for end users of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, as well as administrators and developers integrating the driver.

Knowledge Prerequisites

To use the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, the following knowledge is helpful:

- Familiarity with the platform on which you are using the Simba Impala ODBC Driver
- Ability to use the data source to which the Simba Impala ODBC Driver is connecting
- An understanding of the role of ODBC technologies and driver managers in connecting to a data source
- Experience creating and configuring ODBC connections
- Exposure to SQL

Document Conventions

*Italicics* are used when referring to book and document titles.

**Bold** is used in procedures for graphical user interface elements that a user clicks and text that a user types.

*Monospace font* indicates commands, source code, or contents of text files.

📝 Note:

A text box with a pencil icon indicates a short note appended to a paragraph.
Important:
A text box with an exclamation mark indicates an important comment related to the preceding paragraph.
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About the Simba Impala ODBC Driver

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver is used for direct SQL and Impala SQL access to Apache Hadoop / Impala distributions, enabling Business Intelligence (BI), analytics, and reporting on Hadoop / Impala-based data. The driver efficiently transforms an application’s SQL query into the equivalent form in Impala SQL, which is a subset of SQL-92. If an application is Impala-aware, then the driver is configurable to pass the query through to the database for processing. The driver interrogates Impala to obtain schema information to present to a SQL-based application. Queries, including joins, are translated from SQL to Impala SQL. For more information about the differences between Impala SQL and SQL, see Features on page 61.

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver complies with the ODBC 3.80 data standard and adds important functionality such as Unicode and 32- and 64-bit support for high-performance computing environments.

ODBC is one of the most established and widely supported APIs for connecting to and working with databases. At the heart of the technology is the ODBC driver, which connects an application to the database. For more information about ODBC, see the Data Access Standards Glossary: http://www.simba.com/resources/data-access-standards-library. For complete information about the ODBC specification, see the ODBC API Reference: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/ms714562(v=vs.85).aspx.

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver is available for Microsoft® Windows®, Linux, Solaris, AIX, and macOS platforms.

The Installation and Configuration Guide is suitable for users who are looking to access data residing within Impala from their desktop environment. Application developers might also find the information helpful. Refer to your application for details on connecting via ODBC.

Note:

For basic configuration instructions that allow you to quickly set up the Windows driver so that you can evaluate and use it, see the Simba ODBC Drivers Quick Start Guide for Windows. The Quick Start Guide also explains how to use the driver in various applications.
Windows System Requirements

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Cloudera Impala versions 1.0.1 through 2.9.

Install the driver on client machines where the application is installed. Each machine that you install the driver on must meet the following minimum system requirements:

- One of the following operating systems:
  - Windows 7, 8.1, or 10
  - Windows Server 2008 or later
- 100 MB of available disk space
- Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2013 installed (with the same bitness as the driver that you are installing).


To install the driver, you must have Administrator privileges on the machine.

Installing the Driver on Windows

On 64-bit Windows operating systems, you can execute both 32- and 64-bit applications. However, 64-bit applications must use 64-bit drivers, and 32-bit applications must use 32-bit drivers. Make sure that you use the version of the driver that matches the bitness of the client application:

- Simba Impala 1.2 32-bit.msi for 32-bit applications
- Simba Impala 1.2 64-bit.msi for 64-bit applications

You can install both versions of the driver on the same machine.

To install the Simba Impala ODBC Driver on Windows:

1. Depending on the bitness of your client application, double-click to run Simba Impala 1.2 32-bit.msi or Simba Impala 1.2 64-bit.msi.
2. Click Next.
3. Select the check box to accept the terms of the License Agreement if you agree, and then click Next.
4. To change the installation location, click Change, then browse to the desired folder, and then click OK. To accept the installation location, click Next.
5. Click Install.
6. When the installation completes, click **Finish**.

7. If you received a license file through email, then copy the license file into the `\lib` subfolder of the installation folder you selected above. You must have Administrator privileges when changing the contents of this folder.

## Creating a Data Source Name on Windows

Typically, after installing the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, you need to create a Data Source Name (DSN). A DSN is a data structure that stores connection information so that it can be used by the driver to connect to Impala.

Alternatively, you can specify connection settings in a connection string or as driver-wide settings. Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

The following instructions describe how to create a DSN. For information about specifying settings in a connection string, see Using a Connection String on page 57. For information about driver-wide settings, see Setting Driver-Wide Configuration Options on Windows on page 21.

### To create a Data Source Name on Windows:

1. Open the ODBC Administrator:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click **Start** > **All Programs** > **Simba Impala ODBC Driver 1.2** > **ODBC Administrator**.
   - Or, if you are using Windows 8 or later, on the Start screen, type **ODBC administrator**, and then click the **ODBC Administrator** search result.

   **Note:**
   Make sure to select the ODBC Data Source Administrator that has the same bitness as the client application that you are using to connect to Impala.

2. In the ODBC Data Source Administrator, click the **Drivers** tab, and then scroll down as needed to confirm that the Simba Impala ODBC Driver appears in the alphabetical list of ODBC drivers that are installed on your system.

3. Choose one:
   - To create a DSN that only the user currently logged into Windows can use, click the **User DSN** tab.
   - Or, to create a DSN that all users who log into Windows can use, click the **System DSN** tab.
4. Click **Add**.

5. In the Create New Data Source dialog box, select **Simba Impala ODBC Driver** and then click **Finish**. The Simba Impala ODBC Driver DSN Setup dialog box opens.

6. In the **Data Source Name** field, type a name for your DSN.

7. Optionally, in the **Description** field, type relevant details about the DSN.

8. In the **Host** field, type the IP address or host name of the Impala server.

9. In the **Port** field, type the number of the TCP port that the Impala server uses to listen for client connections.

**Note:**

The default port number used by Impala is 21050.

10. In the **Database** field, type the name of the database schema to use when a schema is not explicitly specified in a query.

**Note:**

You can still issue queries on other schemas by explicitly specifying the schema in the query. To inspect your databases and determine the appropriate schema to use, type the `show databases` command at the Impala command prompt.

11. In the Authentication area, configure authentication as needed. For more information, see **Configuring Authentication on Windows** on page 11.

**Note:**

The default configuration of Impala requires the Simba Impala ODBC Driver to be configured to use the No Authentication mechanism.

12. Optionally, if the operations against Impala are to be done on behalf of a user that is different than the authenticated user for the connection, type the name of the user to be delegated in the **Delegation UID** field.

13. To configure client-server verification over SSL, click **SSL Options**. For more information, see **Configuring SSL Verification on Windows** on page 16.

14. To configure advanced driver options, click **Advanced Options**. For more information, see **Configuring Advanced Options on Windows** on page 17.
15. To configure server-side properties, click **Advanced Options** and then click **Server Side Properties**. For more information, see Configuring Server-Side Properties on Windows on page 19.

16. To configure logging behavior for the driver, click **Logging Options**. For more information, see Configuring Logging Options on Windows on page 19.

17. To test the connection, click **Test**. Review the results as needed, and then click **OK**.

**Note:**

If the connection fails, then confirm that the settings in the Simba Impala ODBC Driver DSN Setup dialog box are correct. Contact your Impala server administrator as needed.

18. To save your settings and close the Simba Impala ODBC Driver DSN Setup dialog box, click **OK**.

19. To close the ODBC Data Source Administrator, click **OK**.

**Configuring Authentication on Windows**

You must determine the authentication type your server is using and configure your DSN accordingly. The Impala server supports the following authentication methods:

- Using No Authentication on page 11
- Using Kerberos on page 12
- Using Advanced Kerberos on page 13
- Using SASL User Name on page 15
- Using User Name And Password on page 15

You can specify authentication settings in a DSN, in a connection string, or as driver-wide settings. Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

**Note:**

In addition to authentication, you can configure the driver to connect over the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL). For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on Windows on page 16.

**Using No Authentication**

For this authentication mechanism, you do not need to configure any additional settings.
The default configuration of Impala requires the Simba Impala ODBC Driver to be configured to use the No Authentication mechanism.

To configure a connection without authentication:

1. To access authentication options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, and then click Configure.
2. In the Mechanism drop-down list, select No Authentication.
3. If the Impala server is configured to use SSL, then click SSL Options to configure SSL for the connection. For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on Windows on page 16.
4. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click OK.

Using Kerberos

If the Use Only SSPI advanced option is disabled, then Kerberos must be installed and configured before you can use this authentication mechanism. For information about configuring Kerberos on your machine, see Configuring Kerberos Authentication for Windows on page 23. For information about setting the Use Only SSPI advanced option, see Configuring Advanced Options on Windows on page 17.

To configure Kerberos authentication:

1. To access authentication options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, and then click Configure.
2. In the Mechanism drop-down list, select Kerberos.
3. Choose one:
   - To use the default realm defined in your Kerberos setup, leave the Realm field empty.
   - Or, if your Kerberos setup does not define a default realm or if the realm of your Impala server host is not the default, then, in the Realm field, type the Kerberos realm of the Impala server.
4. In the Host FQDN field, type the fully qualified domain name of the Impala server host.

To use the Impala server host name as the fully qualified domain name for Kerberos authentication, in the Host FQDN field, type _HOST.

5. To allow the driver to pass your credentials directly to the server for use in authentication, select Delegate Kerberos Credentials.
6. In the **Service Name** field, type the service name of the Impala server.

7. If the Impala server is configured to use SSL, then click **SSL Options** to configure SSL for the connection. For more information, see [Configuring SSL Verification on Windows](#) on page 16.

8. Optionally, in the **Transport Buffer Size** field, type the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

   ![Note:]
   In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

9. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click **OK**.

### Using Advanced Kerberos

The Advanced Kerberos authentication mechanism allows concurrent connections within the same process to use different Kerberos user principals.

This authentication mechanism is supported only when the driver is configured to handle Kerberos authentication using MIT Kerberos:

- MIT Kerberos must be installed on your machine.
- The Use Only SSPI option must be disabled. For more information, see [Use Only SSPI](#) on page 83.

When you use Advanced Kerberos authentication, you do not need to run the `kinit` command to obtain a Kerberos ticket. Instead, you use a JSON file to map your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab that contains the corresponding keys. The driver obtains Kerberos tickets based on the specified mapping. As a fallback, you can specify a keytab that the driver uses by default if the mapping file is not available or if no matching keytab can be found in the mapping file.

   ![Note:]
   - For information about the schema of the mapping file and how the driver handles invalid mappings, see [UPN Keytab Mapping File](#) on page 80.
   - For information about how the driver searches for a keytab file if the keytab mapping and default keytab file are invalid, see [Default Keytab File](#) on page 70.

### To configure Advanced Kerberos authentication:

1. To access authentication options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, and then click **Configure**.
2. In the **Mechanism** drop-down list, select **Kerberos**.
3. Choose one:
To use the default realm defined in your Kerberos setup, leave the **Realm** field empty.

Or, if your Kerberos setup does not define a default realm or if the realm of your Impala server host is not the default, then, in the **Realm** field, type the Kerberos realm of the Impala server.

4. Optionally, if you are using MIT Kerberos and a Kerberos realm is specified in the **Realm** field, then choose one:
   - To have the Kerberos layer canonicalize the server's service principal name, leave the **Canonicalize Principal FQDN** check box selected.
   - Or, to prevent the Kerberos layer from canonicalizing the server's service principal name, clear the **Canonicalize Principal FQDN** check box.

5. In the **Host FQDN** field, type the fully qualified domain name of the Impala server host.

   ![Note]
   
   To use the Impala server host name as the fully qualified domain name for Kerberos authentication, in the **Host FQDN** field, type \_HOST.

6. In the **Service Name** field, type the service name of the Impala server.
7. Select the **Use Keytab** check box.

   ![Note]
   
   If the check box is not available, make sure that MIT Kerberos is installed on your machine.

8. In the **User Name** field, type an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
9. Click **Keytab Options** and then do the following in the Keytab Options dialog box:
   a. In the **UPN Keytab Mapping File** field, specify the full path to a JSON file that maps your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab file.
   b. In the **Default Keytab File** field, specify the full path to a keytab file that the driver can use if the mapping file is not available or if no matching keytab can be found in the mapping file.
   c. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click **OK**.
10. If the Impala server is configured to use SSL, then click **SSL Options** to configure SSL for the connection. For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on Windows on page 16.
11. Optionally, in the **Transport Buffer Size** field, type the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.
12. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click **OK**.

**Using SASL User Name**

This authentication mechanism requires a user name but not a password. The user name labels the session, facilitating database tracking.

**To configure SASL User Name authentication:**

1. To access authentication options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, and then click **Configure**.
2. In the **Mechanism** drop-down list, select **SASL User Name**.
3. In the **User Name** field, type an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
4. Optionally, in the **Transport Buffer Size** field, type the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

   **Note:**
   
   In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

5. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click **OK**.

**Using User Name And Password**

This authentication mechanism requires a user name and a password.

**Note:**

This authentication mechanism should not be used with an Impala configuration that does not have LDAP enabled.

**To configure User Name And Password authentication:**

1. To access authentication options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, and then click **Configure**.
2. In the **Mechanism** drop-down list, select **User Name And Password**.
3. In the **User Name** field, type an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
4. In the **Password** field, type the password corresponding to the user name you typed above.
5. To save the password, select the **Save Password (Encrypted)** check box.
Important:
The password is obscured, that is, not saved in plain text. However, it is still possible for the encrypted password to be copied and used.

6. If the Impala server is configured to use SSL, then click **SSL Options** to configure SSL for the connection. For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on Windows on page 16.

7. Optionally, in the **Transport Buffer Size** field, type the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

Note:
In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

8. Optionally, to use SASL to handle authentication, select the **Use Simple Authentication and Security Layer (SASL)** check box.

9. To save your settings and close the dialog box, click **OK**.

### Configuring SSL Verification on Windows

If you are connecting to an Impala server that has Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) enabled, you can configure the driver to connect to an SSL-enabled socket. When using SSL to connect to a server, the driver can be configured to verify the identity of the server.

The following instructions describe how to configure SSL in a DSN. You can specify the connection settings described below in a DSN, in a connection string, or as driver-wide settings. Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

### To configure SSL verification on Windows:

1. To access SSL options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, then click **Configure**, and then click **SSL Options**.
2. Select the **Enable SSL** check box.
3. To allow self-signed certificates from the server, select the **Allow Self-signed Server Certificate** check box.
4. To allow the common name of a CA-issued SSL certificate to not match the host name of the Impala server, select the **Allow Common Name Host Name Mismatch** check box.
5. To specify the CA certificates that you want to use to verify the server, do one of the following:
   - To verify the server using the trusted CA certificates from a specific .pem file, specify the full path to the file in the **Trusted Certificates** field and clear the **Use System Trust Store** check box.
   - Or, to use the trusted CA certificates .pem file that is installed with the driver, leave the **Trusted Certificates** field empty, and clear the **Use System Trust Store** check box.
   - Or, to use the Windows Trust Store, select the **Use System Trust Store** check box.

   ! **Important:**
   - If you are using the Windows Trust Store, make sure to import the trusted CA certificates into the Trust Store.
   - If the trusted CA supports certificate revocation, select the **Check Certificate Revocation** check box.

6. To save your settings and close the SSL Options dialog box, click **OK**.

### Configuring Advanced Options on Windows

You can configure advanced options to modify the behavior of the driver.

The following instructions describe how to configure advanced options in a DSN. You can specify the connection settings described below in a DSN, in a connection string, or as driver-wide settings. Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

**To configure advanced options on Windows:**

1. To access advanced options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, then click **Configure**, and then click **Advanced Options**.
2. To disable translation from ODBC SQL to Impala SQL, select the **Use Native Query** check box.

   **Note:**
   By default, the driver applies transformations to the queries emitted by an application to convert the queries into an equivalent form in Impala SQL. If the application is Impala-aware and already emits Impala SQL, then turning off the translation avoids the additional overhead of query transformation.
3. To enable the driver to successfully run queries that contain transaction statements, select the **Enable Simulated Transactions** check box.

**Note:**
The transaction statements are not executed, because ODBC does not support them. Enabling this option allows the driver to run the query without returning error messages.

4. To enable the driver to return SQL_WVARCHAR instead of SQL_VARCHAR for STRING and VARCHAR columns, and SQL_WCHAR instead of SQL_CHAR for CHAR columns, select the **Use SQL Unicode Types** check box.

5. To have the driver automatically attempt to reconnect to the server if communications are lost, select **Enable Auto Reconnect**.

6. To have the driver restrict catalog queries to the current schema when no schema is specified, or when the schema is specified with the wildcard character %, select **Restrict Metadata with Current Schema**.

7. To handle Kerberos authentication using the SSPI plugin instead of MIT Kerberos by default, select one or both of the check boxes under the **Use Only SSPI** option:
   - To configure the current DSN to use the SSPI plugin by default, select **Enable For This DSN**.
   - To configure all DSN-less connections to use the SSPI plugin by default, select **Enable For DSN-less Connections**.
   - To configure all connections that use the Simba Impala ODBC Driver to use the SSPI plugin by default, select both check boxes.

8. In the **Rows Fetched Per Block** field, type the number of rows to be fetched per block.

9. In the **Socket Timeout** field, type the number of seconds after which Impala closes the connection with the client application if the connection is idle.

**Note:**
Setting the Socket Timeout value to 0 disables the timeout feature.

10. In the **String Column Length** field, type the maximum data length for STRING columns.

11. In the **Async Exec Poll Interval (ms)** field, type the time in milliseconds between each poll for the query execution status.

12. To save your settings and close the Advanced Options dialog box, click **OK**.
Configuring Server-Side Properties on Windows

When connecting to a server that is running Impala 2.0 or later, you can use the driver to apply configuration properties to the server.

**Important:**
This feature is not supported for earlier versions of Impala, where the SET statement can only be executed from within the Impala shell.

The following instructions describe how to configure server-side properties in a DSN. You can specify the connection settings described below in a DSN, in a connection string, or as driver-wide settings. Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

**To configure server-side properties on Windows:**

1. To configure server-side properties, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, then click **Configure**, then click **Advanced Options**, and then click **Server Side Properties**.

2. To create a server-side property, click **Add**, then type appropriate values in the **Key** and **Value** fields, and then click **OK**. For example, to set the value of the MEM_LIMIT query option to 1 GB, type **MEM_LIMIT** in the **Key** field and then type **1000000000** in the **Value** field.

3. To edit a server-side property, select the property from the list, then click **Edit**, then update the **Key** and **Value** fields as needed, and then click **OK**.

4. To delete a server-side property, select the property from the list, and then click **Remove**. In the confirmation dialog box, click **Yes**.

5. To configure the driver to convert server-side property key names to all lower-case characters, select the **Convert Key Name To Lower Case** check box.

6. To save your settings and close the Server Side Properties dialog box, click **OK**.

Configuring Logging Options on Windows

To help troubleshoot issues, you can enable logging. In addition to functionality provided in the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, the ODBC Data Source Administrator provides tracing functionality.
Important:

Only enable logging or tracing long enough to capture an issue. Logging or tracing decreases performance and can consume a large quantity of disk space.

The settings for logging apply to every connection that uses the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, so make sure to disable the feature after you are done using it.

To enable driver logging on Windows:

1. To access logging options, open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, then click **Configure**, and then click **Logging Options**.
2. From the **Log Level** drop-down list, select the logging level corresponding to the amount of information that you want to include in log files:

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<th>Logging Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<td>OFF</td>
<td>Disables all logging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FATAL</td>
<td>Logs severe error events that lead the driver to abort.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR</td>
<td>Logs error events that might allow the driver to continue running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARNING</td>
<td>Logs events that might result in an error if action is not taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INFO</td>
<td>Logs general information that describes the progress of the driver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEBUG</td>
<td>Logs detailed information that is useful for debugging the driver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRACE</td>
<td>Logs all driver activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. In the **Log Path** field, specify the full path to the folder where you want to save log files.
4. If requested by Technical Support, type the name of the component for which to log messages in the **Log Namespace** field. Otherwise, do not type a value in the field.
5. In the **Max Number Files** field, type the maximum number of log files to keep.
6. In the **Max File Size** field, type the maximum size of each log file in megabytes (MB).

   **Note:**
   After the maximum number of log files is reached, each time an additional file is created, the driver deletes the oldest log file.

7. Click **OK**.

8. Restart your ODBC application to make sure that the new settings take effect.

   The Simba Impala ODBC Driver produces two log files at the location you specify in the Log Path field, where `[DriverName]` is the name of the driver:
   - A `ImpalaODBC_driver.log` file that logs driver activity that is not specific to a connection.
   - A `[DriverName]_connection_[Number].log` for each connection made to the database, where `[Number]` is a number that identifies each log file. This file logs driver activity that is specific to the connection.

   If you enable the **UseLogPrefix** connection property, the driver prefixes the log file name with the user name associated with the connection and the process ID of the application through which the connection is made. For more information, see **UseLogPrefix** on page 88.

### To disable driver logging on Windows:

1. Open the ODBC Data Source Administrator where you created the DSN, then select the DSN, then click **Configure**, and then click **Logging Options**.
2. From the **Log Level** drop-down list, select **LOG_OFF**.
3. Click **OK**.
4. Restart your ODBC application to make sure that the new settings take effect.

### Setting Driver-Wide Configuration Options on Windows

When you specify connection settings in a DSN or connection string, those settings apply only when you connect to Impala using that particular DSN or string. As an alternative, you can specify settings that apply to every connection that uses the Simba Impala ODBC Driver by configuring them in the Windows Registry.
Note:
Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

To set driver-wide configuration options on Windows:

1. Choose one:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click Start ⚙, then type regedit in the Search field, and then click regedit.exe in the search results.
   - Or, if you are using Windows 8 or later, on the Start screen, type regedit, and then click the regedit search result.
2. Navigate to the appropriate registry key for the bitness of your driver and your machine:
   - If you are using the 32-bit driver on a 64-bit machine, then browse to the following registry key:
     
     HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Simba\Simba Impala ODBC Driver\Driver
   - Otherwise, browse to the following registry key:
     
     HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Simba\Simba Impala ODBC Driver\Driver
3. For each connection property that you want to configure, do the following:
   a. Right-click the Driver subkey and then select New > String Value.
   b. Type the key name of the connection property, and then press Enter.
      
      For example, to specify the authentication mechanism to use, type AuthMech. To verify the supported key name for each driver configuration option, refer to the "Key Name" column in the description of the option in Driver Configuration Options on page 66.
   c. Right-click the value that you created in the previous steps and then click Modify.
   d. In the Edit String dialog box, in the Value Data field, type the value that you want to set the connection property to and then click OK.
      
      For example, to specify the Kerberos authentication mechanism, type 1.
4. Close the Registry Editor.
Configuring Kerberos Authentication for Windows

Active Directory

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Active Directory Kerberos on Windows. There are two prerequisites for using Active Directory Kerberos on Windows:

- MIT Kerberos is not installed on the client Windows machine.
- The MIT Kerberos Hadoop realm has been configured to trust the Active Directory realm, according to Cloudera's documentation, so that users in the Active Directory realm can access services in the MIT Kerberos Hadoop realm.

MIT Kerberos

Downloading and Installing MIT Kerberos for Windows 4.0.1

For information about Kerberos and download links for the installer, see the MIT Kerberos website: http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/.

To download and install MIT Kerberos for Windows 4.0.1:

1. Download the appropriate Kerberos installer:
   - For a 64-bit machine, use the following download link from the MIT Kerberos website: http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/dist/kfw/4.0/kfw-4.0.1-amd64.msi.
   - For a 32-bit machine, use the following download link from the MIT Kerberos website: http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/dist/kfw/4.0/kfw-4.0.1-i386.msi.

   Note:
   The 64-bit installer includes both 32-bit and 64-bit libraries. The 32-bit installer includes 32-bit libraries only.

2. To run the installer, double-click the .msi file that you downloaded above.
3. Follow the instructions in the installer to complete the installation process.
4. When the installation completes, click Finish.

Setting Up the Kerberos Configuration File

Settings for Kerberos are specified through a configuration file. You can set up the configuration file as an .ini file in the default location, which is the C:\ProgramData\MIT\Kerberos5 directory, or as a .conf file in a custom location.
Normally, the C:\ProgramData\MIT\Kerberos5 directory is hidden. For information about viewing and using this hidden directory, refer to Microsoft Windows documentation.

Note:

For more information on configuring Kerberos, refer to the MIT Kerberos documentation.

To set up the Kerberos configuration file in the default location:

1. Obtain a krb5.conf configuration file. You can obtain this file from your Kerberos administrator, or from the /etc/krb5.conf folder on the machine that is hosting the Impala server.
2. Rename the configuration file from krb5.conf to krb5.ini.
3. Copy the krb5.ini file to the C:\ProgramData\MIT\Kerberos5 directory and overwrite the empty sample file.

To set up the Kerberos configuration file in a custom location:

1. Obtain a krb5.conf configuration file. You can obtain this file from your Kerberos administrator, or from the /etc/krb5.conf folder on the machine that is hosting the Impala server.
2. Place the krb5.conf file in an accessible directory and make note of the full path name.
3. Open the System window:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click Start ⚙️, then right-click Computer, and then click Properties.
   - Or, if you are using Windows 8 or later, right-click This PC on the Start screen, and then click Properties.
4. Click Advanced System Settings.
5. In the System Properties dialog box, click the Advanced tab and then click Environment Variables.
6. In the Environment Variables dialog box, under the System Variables list, click New.
7. In the New System Variable dialog box, in the Variable Name field, type KRB5_CONFIG.
8. In the Variable Value field, type the full path to the krb5.conf file.
9. Click OK to save the new variable.
10. Make sure that the variable is listed in the System Variables list.
11. Click OK to close the Environment Variables dialog box, and then click OK to close the System Properties dialog box.
Setting Up the Kerberos Credential Cache File

Kerberos uses a credential cache to store and manage credentials.

To set up the Kerberos credential cache file:

1. Create a directory where you want to save the Kerberos credential cache file. For example, create a directory named C:\temp.
2. Open the System window:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click Start ☐, then right-click Computer, and then click Properties.
   - Or, if you are using Windows 8 or later, right-click This PC on the Start screen, and then click Properties.
3. Click Advanced System Settings.
4. In the System Properties dialog box, click the Advanced tab and then click Environment Variables.
5. In the Environment Variables dialog box, under the System Variables list, click New.
6. In the New System Variable dialog box, in the Variable Name field, type KRB5CCNAME.
7. In the Variable Value field, type the path to the folder you created above, and then append the file name krb5cache. For example, if you created the folder C:\temp, then type C:\temp\krb5cache.

⚠️ Note:

krb5cache is a file (not a directory) that is managed by the Kerberos software, and it should not be created by the user. If you receive a permission error when you first use Kerberos, make sure that the krb5cache file does not already exist as a file or a directory.

8. Click OK to save the new variable.
9. Make sure that the variable appears in the System Variables list.
10. Click OK to close the Environment Variables dialog box, and then click OK to close the System Properties dialog box.
11. To make sure that Kerberos uses the new settings, restart your machine.

Obtaining a Ticket for a Kerberos Principal

A principal refers to a user or service that can authenticate to Kerberos. To authenticate to Kerberos, a principal must obtain a ticket by using a password or a keytab file. You can specify a keytab file to use, or use the default keytab file of your Kerberos configuration.
To obtain a ticket for a Kerberos principal using a password:

1. Open MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager.
2. In MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager, click **Get Ticket**.
3. In the Get Ticket dialog box, type your principal name and password, and then click **OK**.

   If the authentication succeeds, then your ticket information appears in MIT Kerberos Ticket Manager.

To obtain a ticket for a Kerberos principal using a keytab file:

1. Open a command prompt:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click **Start**, then click **All Programs**, then click **Accessories**, and then click **Command Prompt**.
   - If you are using Windows 8 or later, click the arrow button at the bottom of the Start screen, then find the Windows System program group, and then click **Command Prompt**.
2. In the Command Prompt, type a command using the following syntax:
   ```
   kinit -k -t [KeytabPath] [Principal]
   ```
   - `[KeytabPath]` is the full path to the keytab file. For example: `C:\mykeytabs\myUser.keytab`.
   - `[Principal]` is the Kerberos user principal to use for authentication. For example: `myUser@EXAMPLE.COM`.
3. If the cache location KRB5CCNAME is not set or used, then use the `-c` option of the `kinit` command to specify the location of the credential cache. In the command, the `-c` argument must appear last. For example:
   ```
   kinit -k -t C:\mykeytabs\myUser.keytab
   myUser@EXAMPLE.COM -c C:\ProgramData\MIT\krbcache
   ```
   - `Krbcache` is the Kerberos cache file, not a directory.

To obtain a ticket for a Kerberos principal using the default keytab file:

💡 **Note:**

For information about configuring a default keytab file for your Kerberos configuration, refer to the MIT Kerberos documentation.

1. Open a command prompt:
   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click **Start**, then click **All Programs**, then click **Accessories**, and then click **Command Prompt**.
If you are using Windows 8 or later, click the arrow button at the bottom of the Start screen, then find the Windows System program group, and then click **Command Prompt**.

2. In the Command Prompt, type a command using the following syntax:

   ```
   kinit -k [principal]
   ```

   `[principal]` is the Kerberos user principal to use for authentication. For example: `MyUser@EXAMPLE.COM`.

3. If the cache location KRB5CCNAME is not set or used, then use the `-c` option of the `kinit` command to specify the location of the credential cache. In the command, the `-c` argument must appear last. For example:

   ```
   kinit -k -t C:\mykeytabs\myUser.keytab
   myUser@EXAMPLE.COM -c C:\ProgramData\MIT\krbcache
   ```

   `Krbcache` is the Kerberos cache file, not a directory.

### Verifying the Driver Version Number on Windows

If you need to verify the version of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your Windows machine, you can find the version number in the ODBC Data Source Administrator.

**To verify the driver version number on Windows:**

1. Open the ODBC Administrator:

   - If you are using Windows 7 or earlier, click **Start > All Programs > Simba Impala ODBC Driver 1.2 > ODBC Administrator**.
   - Or, if you are using Windows 8 or later, on the Start screen, type **ODBC administrator**, and then click the **ODBC Administrator** search result.

   **Note:**

   Make sure to select the ODBC Data Source Administrator that has the same bitness as the client application that you are using to connect to Impala.

2. Click the **Drivers** tab and then find the Simba Impala ODBC Driver in the list of ODBC drivers that are installed on your system. The version number is displayed in the **Version** column.
macOS Driver

macOS System Requirements

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Cloudera Impala versions 1.0.1 through 2.9.

Install the driver on client machines where the application is installed. Each machine that you install the driver on must meet the following minimum system requirements:

- macOS version 10.9, 10.10, or 10.11
- 100 MB of available disk space
- iODBC 3.52.7 or later

Installing the Driver on macOS

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver is available for macOS as a .dmg file named Simba Impala 1.2.dmg. The driver supports both 32- and 64-bit client applications.

To install the Simba Impala ODBC Driver on macOS:

1. Double-click Simba Impala 1.2.dmg to mount the disk image.
2. Double-click Simba Impala 1.2.pkg to run the installer.
3. In the installer, click Continue.
4. On the Software License Agreement screen, click Continue, and when the prompt appears, click Agree if you agree to the terms of the License Agreement.
5. Optionally, to change the installation location, click Change Install Location, then select the desired location, and then click Continue.

Note:

By default, the driver files are installed in the /Library/simba/impala directory.

6. To accept the installation location and begin the installation, click Install.
7. When the installation completes, click Close.
8. If you received a license file through email, then copy the license file into the /lib subfolder in the driver installation directory. You must have root privileges when changing the contents of this folder.

For example, if you installed the driver to the default location, you would copy the license file into the /Library/simba/impala/lib folder.
Next, configure the environment variables on your machine to make sure that the ODBC driver manager can work with the driver. For more information, see Configuring the ODBC Driver Manager on Non-Windows Machines on page 37.

**Verifying the Driver Version Number on macOS**

If you need to verify the version of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your macOS machine, you can query the version number through the Terminal.

**To verify the driver version number on macOS:**

- At the Terminal, run the following command:

  ```bash
  pkgutil --info simba.impalaodbc
  ```

The command returns information about the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your machine, including the version number.
Linux System Requirements

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Cloudera Impala versions 1.0.1 through 2.9.

Install the driver on client machines where the application is installed. Each machine that you install the driver on must meet the following minimum system requirements:

- One of the following distributions:
  - Red Hat® Enterprise Linux® (RHEL) 6 or 7
  - CentOS 6 or 7
  - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 11 or 12
- 50 MB of available disk space
- One of the following ODBC driver managers installed:
  - iODBC 3.52.7 or later
  - unixODBC 2.3.0 or later
- All of the following libsasl libraries installed:
  - cyrus-sasl-2.1.22-7 or later
  - cyrus-sasl-gssapi-2.1.22-7 or later
  - cyrus-sasl-plain-2.1.22-7 or later

⚠️ Note:

If the package manager in your Linux distribution cannot resolve the dependencies automatically when installing the driver, then download and manually install the packages.

To install the driver, you must have root access on the machine.

Installing the Driver Using the RPM File

On 64-bit editions of Linux, you can execute both 32- and 64-bit applications. However, 64-bit applications must use 64-bit drivers, and 32-bit applications must use 32-bit drivers. Make sure to install and use the version of the driver that matches the bitness of the client application:

- simbaimpala-[Version]-[Release].i686.rpm for the 32-bit driver
- simbaimpala-[Version]-[Release].x86_64.rpm for the 64-bit driver

You can install both versions of the driver on the same machine.
The placeholders in the file names are defined as follows:

- `[Version]` is the version number of the driver.
- `[Release]` is the release number for this version of the driver.

**To install the Simba Impala ODBC Driver using the RPM File:**

1. Log in as the root user, and then navigate to the folder containing the RPM package for the driver.
2. Depending on the Linux distribution that you are using, run one of the following commands from the command line, where `[RPMFileName]` is the file name of the RPM package:
   - If you are using Red Hat Enterprise Linux or CentOS, run the following command:
     
     ```
     yum --nogpgcheck localinstall [RPMFileName]
     ```
   - Or, if you are using SUSE Linux Enterprise Server, run the following command:
     
     ```
     zypper install [RPMFileName]
     ```

   The Simba Impala ODBC Driver files are installed in the `/opt/simba/impala` directory.

**Note:**

If the package manager in your Linux distribution cannot resolve the `libsasl` dependencies automatically when installing the driver, then download and manually install the packages.

3. If you received a license file through email, then copy the license file into the `/opt/simba/impala/lib/32` or `/opt/simba/impala/lib/64` folder, depending on the version of the driver that you installed. You must have root privileges when changing the contents of this folder.

Next, configure the environment variables on your machine to make sure that the ODBC driver manager can work with the driver. For more information, see Configuring the ODBC Driver Manager on Non-Windows Machines on page 37.

**Verifying the Driver Version Number on Linux**

If you need to verify the version of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your Linux machine, you can query the version number through the command-line interface if the driver was installed using an RPM file.
To verify the driver version number on Linux:

- Depending on your package manager, at the command prompt, run one of the following commands:
  - `yum list | grep SimbaImpalaODBC`
  - `rpm -qa | grep SimbaImpalaODBC`

The command returns information about the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your machine, including the version number.
AIX Driver

AIX System Requirements

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Cloudera Impala versions 1.0.1 through 2.9.

Install the driver on client machines where the application is installed. Each machine that you install the driver on must meet the following minimum system requirements:

- IBM AIX 5.3, 6.1, or 7.1
- 150 MB of available disk space
- One of the following ODBC driver managers installed:
  - iODBC 3.52.7 or later
  - unixODBC 2.3.0 or later

To install the driver, you must have root access on the machine.

Installing the Driver on AIX

On 64-bit editions of AIX, you can execute both 32- and 64-bit applications. However, 64-bit applications must use 64-bit drivers, and 32-bit applications must use 32-bit drivers. Make sure that you use the version of the driver that matches the bitness of the client application:

- SimbaImpalaODBC-32bit-[Version]-[Release].ppc.rpm for the 32-bit driver
- SimbaImpalaODBC-[Version]-[Release].ppc.rpm for the 64-bit driver

[Version] is the version number of the driver, and [Release] is the release number for this version of the driver.

You can install both versions of the driver on the same machine.

To install the Simba Impala ODBC Driver on AIX:

1. Log in as the root user, and then navigate to the folder containing the RPM package for the driver.
2. Run the following command from the command line, where [RPMFileName] is the file name of the RPM package:

   ```
   rpm --install [RPMFileName]
   ```
The Simba Impala ODBC Driver files are installed in the /opt/simba/impala directory.

3. If you received a license file via email, then copy the license file into the 
   /opt/simba/impala/lib/32 or /opt/simba/impala/lib/64 folder, 
   depending on the version of the driver that you installed. You must have root 
   privileges when changing the contents of this folder.

Next, configure the environment variables on your machine to make sure that the 
ODBC driver manager can work with the driver. For more information, see Configuring 
the ODBC Driver Manager on Non-Windows Machines on page 37.

**Verifying the Driver Version Number on AIX**

If you need to verify the version of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on 
your AIX machine, you can query the version number through the command-line 
interface.

**To verify the driver version number on AIX:**

➢ At the command prompt, run the following command:

   ```
   rpm -qa | grep SimbaImpalaODBC
   ```

The command returns information about the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is 
installed on your machine, including the version number.
Solaris Driver

Solaris System Requirements

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Cloudera Impala versions 1.0.1 through 2.9.

Install the driver on client machines where the application is installed. Each machine that you install the driver on must meet the following minimum system requirements:

- Solaris 10 or later (sparc and sparc64 editions are supported)
- 50 MB of available disk space
- One of the following ODBC driver managers installed:
  - iODBC 3.52.7 or later
  - unixODBC 2.3.0 or later

To install the driver, you must have root access on the machine.

Installing the Driver on Solaris

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver is available for Solaris as a tarball package named `Simba Impala ODBC Driver_Solaris-gcc-[Version].[Release]_Solaris.tar.gz`, where `[Version]` is the version number of the driver and `[Release]` is the release number for this version of the driver. The package contains both the 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the driver.

On sparc64 editions of Solaris, you can execute both sparc and sparc64 applications. However, sparc64 applications must use 64-bit drivers, and sparc applications must use 32-bit drivers. Make sure that you use the version of the driver that matches the bitness of the client application. You can install both versions of the driver on the same machine.

To install the Simba Impala ODBC Driver on Solaris:

1. Log in as the root user, and then navigate to the folder containing the tarball package.
2. Run the following command to extract the package and install the driver:

   ```bash
   tar --directory=/opt -zxvf [TarballName]
   ```

   Where `[TarballName]` is the name of the tarball package containing the driver.
The Simba Impala ODBC Driver files are installed in the /opt/simba/impala/ directory.

3. If you received a license file via email, then copy the license file into the /opt/simba/impala/lib/32 or /opt/simba/impala/lib/64 folder, depending on the version of the driver that you installed. You must have root privileges when changing the contents of this folder.

Next, configure the environment variables on your machine to make sure that the ODBC driver manager can work with the driver. For more information, see Configuring the ODBC Driver Manager on Non-Windows Machines on page 37.

Verifying the Driver Version Number on Solaris

If you need to verify the version of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your Solaris machine, you can query the version number through the command-line interface.

To verify the driver version number on Solaris:

➢ At the command prompt, run the following command:

```
rpm -qa | grep SimbaImpalaODBC
```

The command returns information about the Simba Impala ODBC Driver that is installed on your machine, including the version number.
Configuring the ODBC Driver Manager on Non-Windows Machines

To make sure that the ODBC driver manager on your machine is configured to work with the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, do the following:

- Set the library path environment variable to make sure that your machine uses the correct ODBC driver manager. For more information, see Specifying ODBC Driver Managers on Non-Windows Machines on page 37.
- If the driver configuration files are not stored in the default locations expected by the ODBC driver manager, then set environment variables to make sure that the driver manager locates and uses those files. For more information, see Specifying the Locations of the Driver Configuration Files on page 38.

After configuring the ODBC driver manager, you can configure a connection and access your data store through the driver. For more information, see Configuring ODBC Connections on a Non-Windows Machine on page 40.

Specifying ODBC Driver Managers on Non-Windows Machines

You need to make sure that your machine uses the correct ODBC driver manager to load the driver. To do this, set the library path environment variable.

macOS

If you are using a macOS machine, then set the DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to include the paths to the ODBC driver manager libraries. For example, if the libraries are installed in /usr/local/lib, then run the following command to set DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH for the current user session:

```bash
export DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH=$DYLD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/lib
```

For information about setting an environment variable permanently, refer to the macOS shell documentation.

Linux or AIX

If you are using a Linux or AIX machine, then set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to include the paths to the ODBC driver manager libraries. For example, if the libraries are installed in /usr/local/lib, then run the following command to set LD_LIBRARY_PATH for the current user session:
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/lib

For information about setting an environment variable permanently, refer to the Linux or AIX shell documentation.

**Solaris**

If you are using a Solaris machine, then set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to include the paths to the ODBC driver manager libraries and the third-party libraries that are installed with the driver. For example, if the driver manager libraries are installed in /usr/local/lib and the 32-bit driver is installed in /opt/simba/impala, then run the following command to set LD_LIBRARY_PATH for the current user session:

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/lib:/opt/simba/impala/lib/32

For information about setting an environment variable permanently, refer to the Solaris shell documentation.

**Specifying the Locations of the Driver Configuration Files**

By default, ODBC driver managers are configured to use hidden versions of the odbc.ini and odbcinst.ini configuration files (named .odbc.ini and .odbcinst.ini) located in the home directory, as well as the simba.impalaodbc.ini file in the lib subfolder of the driver installation directory. If you store these configuration files elsewhere, then you must set the environment variables described below so that the driver manager can locate the files.

If you are using iODBC, do the following:

- Set ODBCINI to the full path and file name of the odbc.ini file.
- Set ODBCINSTINI to the full path and file name of the odbcinst.ini file.
- Set SIMBAIMPALAOdbc.INI to the full path and file name of the simba.impalaodbc.ini file.

If you are using unixODBC, do the following:

- Set ODBCINI to the full path and file name of the odbc.ini file.
- Set ODBCJSYSINI to the full path of the directory that contains the odbcinst.ini file.
Set SIMBAIMPALAODBCINI to the full path and file name of the simba.impalaodbc.ini file.

For example, if your odbc.ini and odbcinst.ini files are located in /usr/local/odbc and your simba.impalaodbc.ini file is located in /etc, then set the environment variables as follows:

For iODBC:

```bash
export ODBCINI=/usr/local/odbc/odbc.ini
export ODBCINSTINI=/usr/local/odbc/odbcinst.ini
export SIMBAIMPALAODBCINI=/etc/simba.impalaodbc.ini
```

For unixODBC:

```bash
export ODBCINI=/usr/local/odbc/odbc.ini
export ODBC_SYSINI=/usr/local/odbc
export SIMBAIMPALAODBCINI=/etc/simba.impalaodbc.ini
```

To locate the simba.impalaodbc.ini file, the driver uses the following search order:

1. If the SIMBAIMPALAODBCINI environment variable is defined, then the driver searches for the file specified by the environment variable.
2. The driver searches the directory that contains the driver library files for a file named simba.impalaodbc.ini.
3. The driver searches the current working directory of the application for a file named simba.impalaodbc.ini.
4. The driver searches the home directory for a hidden file named .simba.impalaodbc.ini (prefixed with a period).
5. The driver searches the /etc directory for a file named simba.impalaodbc.ini.
Configuring ODBC Connections on a Non-Windows Machine

The following sections describe how to configure ODBC connections when using the Simba Impala ODBC Driver on non-Windows platforms:

- Creating a Data Source Name on a Non-Windows Machine on page 40
- Configuring a DSN-less Connection on a Non-Windows Machine on page 43
- Configuring Authentication on a Non-Windows Machine on page 45
- Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49
- Configuring Server-Side Properties on a Non-Windows Machine on page 50
- Configuring Logging Options on a Non-Windows Machine on page 51
- Setting Driver-Wide Configuration Options on a Non-Windows Machine on page 52
- Testing the Connection on a Non-Windows Machine on page 53

Creating a Data Source Name on a Non-Windows Machine

Typically, after installing the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, you need to create a Data Source Name (DSN). A DSN is a data structure that stores connection information so that it can be used by the driver to connect to Impala.

You can specify connection settings in a DSN (in the odbc.ini file), in a connection string, or as driver-wide settings (in the simba.impalaodbc.ini file). Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

The following instructions describe how to create a DSN by specifying connection settings in the odbc.ini file. If your machine is already configured to use an existing odbc.ini file, then update that file by adding the settings described below. Otherwise, copy the odbc.ini file from the Setup subfolder in the driver installation directory to the home directory, and then update the file as described below.

For information about specifying settings in a connection string, see Configuring a DSN-less Connection on a Non-Windows Machine on page 43 and Using a Connection String on page 57. For information about driver-wide settings, see Setting Driver-Wide Configuration Options on a Non-Windows Machine on page 52.
To create a Data Source Name on a non-Windows machine:

1. In a text editor, open the `odbc.ini` configuration file.

   Note: If you are using a hidden copy of the `odbc.ini` file, you can remove the period (.) from the start of the file name to make the file visible while you are editing it.

2. In the `[ODBC Data Sources]` section, add a new entry by typing a name for the DSN, an equal sign (=), and then the name of the driver.

   For example, on a macOS machine:

   ```
   [ODBC Data Sources]
   Sample DSN=Simba Impala ODBC Driver
   ```

   As another example, for a 32-bit driver on a Linux/AIX/Solaris machine:

   ```
   [ODBC Data Sources]
   Sample DSN=Simba Impala ODBC Driver 32-bit
   ```

3. Create a section that has the same name as your DSN, and then specify configuration options as key-value pairs in the section:

   a. Set the `Driver` property to the full path of the driver library file that matches the bitness of the application.

      For example, on a macOS machine:

      ```
      Driver=/Library/simba/impala/lib/libimpalaodbcodbc_sbu.dylib
      ```

      As another example, for a 32-bit driver on a Linux/AIX/Solaris machine:

      ```
      Driver=/opt/simba/impala/lib/32/libimpalaodbc_sb32.so
      ```

   b. Set the `Host` property to the IP address or host name of the server.

      For example:

      ```
      Host=192.168.222.160
      ```

   c. Set the `Port` property to the number of the TCP port that the server uses to listen for client connections.

      For example:
Port=21050

d. If authentication is required to access the server, then specify the authentication mechanism and your credentials. For more information, see Configuring Authentication on a Non-Windows Machine on page 45.

e. If you want to connect to the server through SSL, then enable SSL and specify the certificate information. For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49.

f. If you want to configure server-side properties, then set them as key-value pairs using a special syntax. For more information, see Configuring Server-Side Properties on a Non-Windows Machine on page 50.

g. Optionally, set additional key-value pairs as needed to specify other optional connection settings. For detailed information about all the configuration options supported by the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, see Driver Configuration Options on page 66.

4. Save the odbc.ini configuration file.

Note:

If you are storing this file in its default location in the home directory, then prefix the file name with a period (.) so that the file becomes hidden. If you are storing this file in another location, then save it as a non-hidden file (without the prefix), and make sure that the ODBCINI environment variable specifies the location. For more information, see Specifying the Locations of the Driver Configuration Files on page 38.

For example, the following is an odbc.ini configuration file for macOS containing a DSN that connects to an Impala server that does not require authentication:

```
[ODBC Data Sources]
Sample DSN=Simba Impala ODBC Driver
[Sample DSN]
Driver=/Library/simba/impala/lib/libimpalaodbcodbc_sbu.dylib
Host=192.168.222.160
Port=21050
```

As another example, the following is an odbc.ini configuration file for a 32-bit driver on a Linux/AIX/Solaris machine, containing a DSN that connects to an Impala server that does not require authentication:

```
[ODBC Data Sources]
Sample DSN=Simba Impala ODBC Driver 32-bit
[Sample DSN]
Driver=/opt/simba/impala/lib/32/libimpalaodbc_sb32.so
```
You can now use the DSN in an application to connect to the data store.

## Configuring a DSN-less Connection on a Non-Windows Machine

To connect to your data store through a DSN-less connection, you need to define the driver in the `odbcinst.ini` file and then provide a DSN-less connection string in your application.

If your machine is already configured to use an existing `odbcinst.ini` file, then update that file by adding the settings described below. Otherwise, copy the `odbcinst.ini` file from the Setup subfolder in the driver installation directory to the home directory, and then update the file as described below.

### To define a driver on a non-Windows machine:

1. In a text editor, open the `odbcinst.ini` configuration file.

   ![Note]
   
   If you are using a hidden copy of the `odbcinst.ini` file, you can remove the period (.) from the start of the file name to make the file visible while you are editing it.

2. In the `[ODBC Drivers]` section, add a new entry by typing a name for the driver, an equal sign (=), and then `Installed`.

   For example:

   ```
   [ODBC Drivers]
   Simba Impala ODBC Driver=Installed
   ```

3. Create a section that has the same name as the driver (as specified in the previous step), and then specify the following configuration options as key-value pairs in the section:

   a. Set the `Driver` property to the full path of the driver library file that matches the bitness of the application.

   For example, on a macOS machine:

   ```
   Driver=/Library/simba/impala/lib/libimpalaodbc_sbu.dylib
   ```
As another example, for a 32-bit driver on a Linux/AIX/Solaris machine:

```
Driver=/opt/simba/impala/lib/32/libimpalaodbc_sb32.so
```

b. Optionally, set the **Description** property to a description of the driver.

For example:

```
Description=Simba Impala ODBC Driver
```

4. Save the `odbcinst.ini` configuration file.

**Note:**

If you are storing this file in its default location in the home directory, then prefix the file name with a period (.) so that the file becomes hidden. If you are storing this file in another location, then save it as a non-hidden file (without the prefix), and make sure that the ODBCINSTINI or ODBCJSYSINI environment variable specifies the location. For more information, see [Specifying the Locations of the Driver Configuration Files](#) on page 38.

For example, the following is an `odbcinst.ini` configuration file for macOS:

```
[ODBC Drivers]
Simba Impala ODBC Driver=Installed
[Simba Impala ODBC Driver]
Description=Simba Impala ODBC Driver
Driver=/Library/simba/impala/lib/libimpalaodbc_sbu.dylib
```

As another example, the following is an `odbcinst.ini` configuration file for both the 32- and 64-bit drivers on Linux/AIX/Solaris:

```
[ODBC Drivers]
Simba Impala ODBC Driver 32-bit=Installed
Simba Impala ODBC Driver 64-bit=Installed
[Simba Impala ODBC Driver 32-bit]
Description=Simba Impala ODBC Driver (32-bit)
Driver=/opt/simba/impala/lib/32/libimpalaodbc_sb32.so
[Simba Impala ODBC Driver 64-bit]
Description=Simba Impala ODBC Driver (64-bit)
Driver=/opt/simba/impala/lib/64/libimpalaodbc_sb64.so
```

You can now connect to your data store by providing your application with a connection string where the **Driver** property is set to the driver name specified in the `odbcinst.ini` file, and all the other necessary connection properties are also set.
For more information, see "DSN-less Connection String Examples" in Using a Connection String on page 57.

For instructions about configuring specific connection features, see the following:

- Configuring Authentication on a Non-Windows Machine on page 45
- Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49
- Configuring Server-Side Properties on a Non-Windows Machine on page 50

For detailed information about all the connection properties that the driver supports, see Driver Configuration Options on page 66.

### Configuring Authentication on a Non-Windows Machine

The Impala server supports multiple authentication mechanisms. You must determine the authentication type your server is using and configure your DSN accordingly. The available authentication methods are as follows:

- Using No Authentication on page 45
- Using Kerberos on page 46
- Using Advanced Kerberos on page 46
- Using SASL User Name on page 48
- Using User Name And Password on page 48

You can set the connection properties for authentication in a connection string, in a DSN (in the odbc.ini file), or as a driver-wide setting (in the simba.impalaodbc.ini file). Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

> Note:

In addition to authentication, you can configure the driver to connect over the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL). For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49.

### Using No Authentication

For this authentication mechanism, you do not need to configure any additional settings.
To configure a connection without authentication:

- Set the AuthMech connection attribute to 0.

**Using Kerberos**

Kerberos must be installed and configured before you can use this authentication mechanism. For more information, refer to the MIT Kerberos Documentation: [http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/krb5-latest/doc/](http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/krb5-latest/doc/).

To configure Kerberos authentication:

1. Set the AuthMech connection attribute to 1.
2. Choose one:
   - To use the default realm defined in your Kerberos setup, do not set the KrbRealm attribute.
   - Or, if your Kerberos setup does not define a default realm or if the realm of your Impala server is not the default, then set the appropriate realm using the KrbRealm attribute.
3. Set the KrbFQDN attribute to the fully qualified domain name of the Impala server host.

**Note:**

To use the Impala server host name as the fully qualified domain name for Kerberos authentication, set KrbFQDN to _HOST.

4. Set the KrbServiceName attribute to the service name of the Impala server.
5. Optionally, set the TSaslTransportBufSize attribute to the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

**Using Advanced Kerberos**

This authentication mechanism allows concurrent connections within the same process to use different Kerberos user principals.
When you use Advanced Kerberos authentication, you do not need to run the `kinit` command to obtain a Kerberos ticket. Instead, you use a JSON file to map your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab that contains the corresponding keys. The driver obtains Kerberos tickets based on the specified mapping. As a fallback, you can specify a keytab that the driver uses by default if the mapping file is not available or if no matching keytab can be found in the mapping file.

**Note:**
- For information about the schema of the mapping file and how the driver handles invalid mappings, see UPN Keytab Mapping File on page 80.
- For information about how the driver searches for a keytab file if the keytab mapping and default keytab file are invalid, see Default Keytab File on page 70.

To configure Advanced Kerberos authentication:

1. Set the `AuthMech` connection attribute to 1.
2. Choose one:
   - To use the default realm defined in your Kerberos setup, do not set the `KrbRealm` attribute.
   - Or, if your Kerberos setup does not define a default realm or if the realm of your Impala server is not the default, then set the appropriate realm using the `KrbRealm` attribute.
3. Optionally, if you are using MIT Kerberos and a Kerberos realm is specified using the `KrbRealm` connection attribute, then choose one:
   - To have the Kerberos layer canonicalize the server's service principal name, leave the `ServicePrincipalCanonicalization` attribute set to 1.
   - Or, to prevent the Kerberos layer from canonicalizing the server's service principal name, set the `ServicePrincipalCanonicalization` attribute to 0.
4. Set the `KrbFQDN` attribute to the fully qualified domain name of the Impala server host.

**Note:**
To use the Impala server host name as the fully qualified domain name for Kerberos authentication, set `KrbFQDN` to `_HOST`.

5. Set the `KrbServiceName` attribute to the service name of the Impala server.
6. Set the `UseKeytab` attribute to 1.
7. Set the `UID` attribute to an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
8. Set the **UPNKeytabMappingFile** attribute to the full path to a JSON file that maps your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab file.

9. Set the **DefaultKeytabFile** attribute to the full path to a keytab file that the driver can use if the mapping file is not available or if no matching keytab can be found in the mapping file.

10. If the Impala server is configured to use SSL, then configure SSL for the connection. For more information, see Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49.

11. Optionally, set the **TSaslTransportBufSize** attribute to the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

   **Note:**
   In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

### Using SASL User Name

This authentication mechanism requires a user name but does not require a password. The user name labels the session, facilitating database tracking.

**To configure SASL User Name authentication:**

1. Set the **AuthMech** connection attribute to 2.
2. Set the **UID** attribute to an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
3. Optionally, set the **TSaslTransportBufSize** attribute to the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

   **Note:**
   In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

### Using User Name And Password

This authentication mechanism requires a user name and a password.

   **Note:**
   This authentication mechanism should not be used with an Impala configuration that does not have LDAP enabled.
To configure User Name And Password authentication:

1. Set the AuthMech connection attribute to 3.
2. Set the UID attribute to an appropriate user name for accessing the Impala server.
3. Set the PWD attribute to the password corresponding to the user name you provided above.
4. Optionally, set the TSaslTransportBufSize attribute to the number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

Note:
In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.

5. Optionally, to use SASL to handle authentication, set the UseSASL attribute to 1.

Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine

If you are connecting to an Impala server that has Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) enabled, you can configure the driver to connect to an SSL-enabled socket. When using SSL to connect to a server, the driver can be configured to verify the identity of the server.

You can set the connection properties described below in a connection string, in a DSN (in the odbc.ini file), or as a driver-wide setting (in the simba.impalaodbc.ini file). Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

To configure SSL verification on a non-Windows machine:

1. To enable SSL connections, set the SSL attribute to 1.
2. To allow self-signed certificates from the server, set the AllowSelfSignedServerCert attribute to 1.
3. To allow the common name of a CA-issued SSL certificate to not match the host name of the Impala server, set the AllowHostNameCNMismatch attribute to 1.
4. Choose one:
   - To configure the driver to load SSL certificates from a specific .pem file when verifying the server, set the TrustedCerts attribute to the full path of the .pem file.
   - Or, to use the trusted CA certificates .pem file that is installed with the driver, do not specify a value for the TrustedCerts attribute.
Configuring Server-Side Properties on a Non-Windows Machine

When connecting to a server that is running Impala 2.0 or later, you can use the driver to apply configuration properties to the Impala server.

You can set the connection properties described below in a connection string, in a DSN (in the `odbc.ini` file), or as a driver-wide setting (in the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` file). Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

⚠️ Important:

This feature is not supported for earlier versions of Impala, where the SET statement can only be executed from within the Impala shell.

To configure server-side properties on a non-Windows machine:

1. To set a server-side property, use the syntax `SSP_[SSPKey]=[SSPValue]`, where `[SSPKey]` is the name of the server-side property and `[SSPValue]` is the value to specify for that property. For example, to set the MEM_LIMIT query option to 1 GB and the REQUEST_POOL query option to myPool, type the following in the `odbc.ini` file:

   ```
   SSP_MEM_LIMIT=1000000000
   SSP_REQUEST_POOL=myPool
   ```

   Or, to set those properties in a connection string, type the following:

   ```
   SSP_MEM_LIMIT={1000000000};SSP_REQUEST_POOL={myPool}
   ```

   ↷ Note:

   When setting a server-side property in a connection string, it is recommended that you enclose the value in braces ({}) to make sure that special characters can be properly escaped.

2. To disable the driver's default behavior of converting server-side property key names to all lower-case characters, set the `LCaseSspKeyName` property to 0.
Configuring Logging Options on a Non-Windows Machine

To help troubleshoot issues, you can enable logging in the driver.

⚠️ Important:
Only enable logging long enough to capture an issue. Logging decreases performance and can consume a large quantity of disk space.

Logging is configured through driver-wide settings in the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` file, which apply to all connections that use the driver.

To enable logging on a non-Windows machine:

1. Open the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file in a text editor.
2. To specify the level of information to include in log files, set the `LogLevel` property to one of the following numbers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LogLevel Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Disables all logging.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Logs severe error events that lead the driver to abort.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Logs error events that might allow the driver to continue running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Logs events that might result in an error if action is not taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Logs general information that describes the progress of the driver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Logs detailed information that is useful for debugging the driver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Logs all driver activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Set the `LogPath` key to the full path to the folder where you want to save log files.
4. Set the `LogFileCount` key to the maximum number of log files to keep.
5. Set the `LogFileSize` key to the maximum size of each log file in megabytes (MB).

**Note:**
After the maximum number of log files is reached, each time an additional file is created, the driver deletes the oldest log file.

6. Optionally, to prefix the log file name with the user name and process ID associated with the connection, set the `UseLogPrefix` property to 1.

7. Save the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file.

8. Restart your ODBC application to make sure that the new settings take effect.

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver produces two log files at the location you specify using the `LogPath` key, where `[DriverName]` is the name of the driver:

- A `ImpalaODBC_driver.log` file that logs driver activity that is not specific to a connection.
- A `[DriverName]_connection_[Number].log` for each connection made to the database, where `[Number]` is a number that identifies each log file. This file logs driver activity that is specific to the connection.

If you set the `UseLogPrefix` property to 1, then each file name is prefixed with `[UserName]_[ProcessID]_`, where `[UserName]` is the user name associated with the connection and `[ProcessID]` is the process ID of the application through which the connection is made.

**To disable logging on a non-Windows machine:**

1. Open the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file in a text editor.
2. Set the `LogLevel` key to 0.
3. Save the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file.
4. Restart your ODBC application to make sure that the new settings take effect.

**Setting Driver-Wide Configuration Options on a Non-Windows Machine**

When you specify connection settings in a DSN or connection string, those settings apply only when you connect to Impala using that particular DSN or string. As an
alternative, you can specify settings that apply to every connection that uses the Simba Impala ODBC Driver by configuring them in the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` file.

⚠️ Note:

Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

To set driver-wide configuration options on a non-Windows machine:

1. In a text editor, open the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file.
2. In the `[Driver]` section, specify configuration options as key-value pairs. Start a new line for each key-value pair.

   For example, to enable SASL User Name authentication using "simba" as the user name, type the following:

   ```ini
   AuthMech=2
   UID=simba
   ```

   For detailed information about all the configuration options supported by the driver, see Driver Configuration Options on page 66.
3. Save the `simba.impalaodbc.ini` configuration file.

Testing the Connection on a Non-Windows Machine

To test the connection, you can use an ODBC-enabled client application. For a basic connection test, you can also use the test utilities that are packaged with your driver manager installation. For example, the iODBC driver manager includes simple utilities called `iodbctest` and `iodbctestw`. Similarly, the unixODBC driver manager includes simple utilities called `isql` and `iusql`.

Using the iODBC Driver Manager

You can use the `iodbctest` and `iodbctestw` utilities to establish a test connection with your driver. Use `iodbctest` to test how your driver works with an ANSI application, or use `iodbctestw` to test how your driver works with a Unicode application.
Note:

There are 32-bit and 64-bit installations of the iODBC driver manager available. If you have only one or the other installed, then the appropriate version of iodbctest (or iodbctestw) is available. However, if you have both 32- and 64-bit versions installed, then you need to make sure that you are running the version from the correct installation directory.

For more information about using the iODBC driver manager, see http://www.iodbc.org.

To test your connection using the iODBC driver manager:

1. Run iodbctest or iodbctestw.
2. Optionally, if you do not remember the DSN, then type a question mark (?) to see a list of available DSNs.
3. Type the connection string for connecting to your data store, and then press ENTER. For more information, see .

If the connection is successful, then the SQL> prompt appears.

Using the unixODBC Driver Manager

You can use the isql and iusql utilities to establish a test connection with your driver and your DSN. isql and iusql can only be used to test connections that use a DSN. Use isql to test how your driver works with an ANSI application, or use iusql to test how your driver works with a Unicode application.

Note:

There are 32-bit and 64-bit installations of the unixODBC driver manager available. If you have only one or the other installed, then the appropriate version of isql (or iusql) is available. However, if you have both 32- and 64-bit versions installed, then you need to make sure that you are running the version from the correct installation directory.

For more information about using the unixODBC driver manager, see http://www.unixodbc.org.

To test your connection using the unixODBC driver manager:

- Run isql or iusql by using the corresponding syntax:
  - isql [DataSourceName]
  - iusql [DataSourceName]

[DataSourceName] is the DSN that you are using for the connection.
If the connection is successful, then the SQL> prompt appears.

Note:
For information about the available options, run isql or iusql without providing a DSN.
Authentication Options

Impala supports multiple authentication mechanisms. You must determine the authentication type that your server is using. The authentication methods available in the Simba Impala ODBC Driver are as follows:

- No Authentication
- Kerberos
- SASL User Name
- User Name And Password

Note:

- The default configuration of Impala requires the Simba Impala ODBC Driver to be configured to use the No Authentication mechanism.
- In addition to regular Kerberos authentication, the driver also supports an advanced configuration of Kerberos authentication that allows concurrent connections within the same process to use different Kerberos user principals.

In addition to authentication, you can configure the driver to connect over SSL or use SASL to handle authentication.

The Impala server uses SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer) to support some of the authentication methods. Kerberos is supported with the SASL GSSAPI mechanism. SASL User Name and User Name And Password (with SASL enabled) are supported with the SASL PLAIN mechanism.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SASL mechanisms</th>
<th>Non-SASL mechanisms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerberos</td>
<td>No Authentication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SASL User Name</td>
<td>User Name And Password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Name And Password</td>
<td>(without SASL enabled)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(with SASL enabled)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:

Thrift (the layer for handling remote process communication between the Simba Impala ODBC Driver and the Impala server) has a limitation where it cannot detect a mix of non-SASL and SASL mechanisms being used between the driver and the server. If this happens, the driver will appear to hang during connection establishment.
Using a Connection String

For some applications, you might need to use a connection string to connect to your data source. For detailed information about how to use a connection string in an ODBC application, refer to the documentation for the application that you are using.

The connection strings in the following sections are examples showing the minimum set of connection attributes that you must specify to successfully connect to the data source. Depending on the configuration of the data source and the type of connection you are working with, you might need to specify additional connection attributes. For detailed information about all the attributes that you can use in the connection string, see Driver Configuration Options on page 66.

**DSN Connection String Example**

The following is an example of a connection string for a connection that uses a DSN:

```
DSN=[DataSourceName]
```

[DataSourceName] is the DSN that you are using for the connection.

You can set additional configuration options by appending key-value pairs to the connection string. Configuration options that are passed in using a connection string take precedence over configuration options that are set in the DSN.

**DSN-less Connection String Examples**

Some applications provide support for connecting to a data source using a driver without a DSN. To connect to a data source without using a DSN, use a connection string instead.

The placeholders in the examples are defined as follows, in alphabetical order:

- **[DomainName]** is the fully qualified domain name of the Impala server host.
- **[MappingFile]** is the full path to a JSON file that maps your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab file.
- **[PortNumber]** is the number of the TCP port that the Impala server uses to listen for client connections.
- **[Realm]** is the Kerberos realm of the Impala server host.
- **[Server]** is the IP address or host name of the Impala server to which you are connecting.
- **[ServiceName]** is the Kerberos service principal name of the Impala server.
- 
  - **[YourPassword]** is the password corresponding to your user name.
  - **[YourUserName]** is the user name that you use to access the Impala server.

### Connecting to an Impala Server Without Authentication

The following is the format of a DSN-less connection string that connects to an Impala server that does not require authentication:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=[Server];
Port=[PortNumber];
```

For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;
```

If you are connecting to the server through SSL, then set the **SSL** property to 1. For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;SSL=1;
```

### Connecting to an Impala Server that Requires Kerberos Authentication

The following is the format of a DSN-less connection string that connects to an Impala server requiring Kerberos authentication:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=[Server];
Port=[PortNumber];AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=[Realm];
KrbFQDN=[DomainName];KrbServiceName=[ServiceName];
```

For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=SIMBA;
KrbFQDN=localhost.localdomain;KrbServiceName=impala;
```

If you are connecting to the server through SSL, then set the **SSL** property to 1. For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=SIMBA;
KrbFQDN=localhost.localdomain;KrbServiceName=impala;SSL=1;
```
Connecting to an Impala Server using Advanced Kerberos Authentication

The following is the format of a DSN-less connection string that connects to an Impala server using Advanced Kerberos authentication:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=[Server];
Port=[PortNumber];AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=[Realm];
KrbFQDN=[DomainName];KrbServiceName=[ServiceName];
UseKeytab=1;UID=[YourUserName];
UPNKeytabMappingFile=[MappingFile];
```

For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=SIMBA;
KrbFQDN=localhost.localdomain;KrbServiceName=impala;
UseKeytab=1;UID=simba;
UPNKeytabMappingFile=C:\Temp\simba.keytab;
```

If you are connecting to the server through SSL, then set the SSL property to 1. For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;AuthMech=1;KrbRealm=SIMBA;
KrbFQDN=localhost.localdomain;KrbServiceName=impala;
UseKeytab=1;UID=simba;
UPNKeytabMappingFile=C:\Temp\simba.keytab;SSL=1;
```

Connecting to an Impala Server that Requires User Name Authentication

The following is the format of a DSN-less connection string that connects to an Impala server requiring User Name authentication. By default, the driver uses anonymous as the user name.

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=[Server];
Port=[PortNumber];AuthMech=2;
```

For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;
Port=21050;AuthMech=2;
```
If you are connecting to the server through SSL, then set the **SSL** property to 1. For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;Port=21050;AuthMech=2;SSL=1;
```

### Connecting to an Impala Server with LDAP Authentication or other User Name and Password Authentication Enabled

The following is the format of a DSN-less connection string that connects to an Impala server with LDAP authentication, or another form of username/password authentication, enabled:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=[Server];Port=[PortNumber];AuthMech=3;UID=[UserName];PWD=[Password];
```

For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;Port=21050;AuthMech=3;UID=simba;PWD=simba;
```

If you are connecting to the LDAP-enabled server through SSL, then set the **SSL** property to 1. For example:

```
Driver=Simba Impala ODBC Driver;Host=192.168.222.160;Port=21050;AuthMech=3;UID=simba;PWD=simba;SSL=1;
```
Features

For more information on the features of the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, see the following:

- Data Types on page 61
- Catalog and Schema Support on page 63
- SQL Translation on page 63
- Server-Side Properties on page 63
- Active Directory on page 63
- Write-back on page 64
- Security and Authentication on page 64

Data Types

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports many common data formats, converting between Impala data types and SQL data types.

The table below lists the supported data type mappings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impala Type</th>
<th>SQL Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARRAY</td>
<td>SQL_VARCHAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BIGINT</td>
<td>SQL_BIGINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BINARY</td>
<td>SQL_VARBINARY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOOLEAN</td>
<td>SQL_BOOLEAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHAR</td>
<td>SQL_CHAR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**
Only available in CDH 5.2 or later.

**Note:**
SQL_WCHAR is returned instead if the Use SQL Unicode Types configuration option (the UseUnicodeSqlCharacterTypes key) is enabled.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impala Type</th>
<th>SQL Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>SQL_DATE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DECIMAL</td>
<td>SQL_DECIMAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note:</strong></td>
<td>Only available in CDH 5.2 or later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOUBLE</td>
<td>SQL_DOUBLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note:</strong></td>
<td>REAL is an alias for DOUBLE.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLOAT</td>
<td>SQL_REAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INT</td>
<td>SQL_INTEGER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAP</td>
<td>SQL_VARCHAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMALLINT</td>
<td>SQL_SMALLINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRUCT</td>
<td>SQL_VARCHAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIMESTAMP</td>
<td>SQL_TIMESTAMP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TINYINT</td>
<td>SQL_TINYINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VARCHAR</td>
<td>SQL_VARCHAR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Note:</strong></td>
<td>Only available in CDH 5.2 or later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> SQL_WVARCHAR is returned instead if the Use SQL Unicode Types configuration option (the UseUnicodeSqlCharacterTypes key) is enabled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Catalog and Schema Support

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports both catalogs and schemas to make it easy for the driver to work with various ODBC applications. Since Impala only organizes tables into schemas/databases, the driver provides a synthetic catalog named IMPALA under which all of the schemas/databases are organized. The driver also maps the ODBC schema to the Impala schema/database.

SQL Translation

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver can parse queries locally before sending them to the Impala server. This feature allows the driver to calculate query metadata without executing the query, support query parameters, and support extra SQL features such as ODBC escape sequences and additional scalar functions that are not available in the Impala-shell tool.

Note:

The driver does not support translation for queries that reference a field contained in a nested column (an ARRAY, MAP, or STRUCT column). To retrieve data from a nested column, make sure that the query is written in valid Impala SQL syntax.

Server-Side Properties

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver allows you to set server-side properties via a DSN. Server-side properties specified in a DSN affect only the connection that is established using the DSN.

For more information about setting server-side properties when using the Windows driver, see Configuring Server-Side Properties on Windows on page 19. For information about setting server-side properties when using the driver on a non-Windows platform, see Configuring Server-Side Properties on a Non-Windows Machine on page 50.

Active Directory

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports Active Directory Kerberos on Windows. There are two prerequisites for using Active Directory Kerberos on Windows:

- MIT Kerberos is not installed on the client Windows machine.
• The MIT Kerberos Hadoop realm has been configured to trust the Active Directory realm, according to Cloudera's documentation, so that users in the Active Directory realm can access services in the MIT Kerberos Hadoop realm.

Write-back

The Simba Impala ODBC Driver supports translation for the following syntax:

• INSERT
• CREATE
• DROP

The driver also supports translation for UPDATE and DELETE syntax, but only when querying Kudu tables while connected to an Impala server that is running Impala 2.7 or later.

If the statement contains non-standard SQL-92 syntax, then the driver is unable to translate the statement to SQL and instead falls back to using Impala SQL.

Security and Authentication

To protect data from unauthorized access, some Impala data stores require connections to be authenticated with user credentials or the SSL protocol. The Simba Impala ODBC Driver provides full support for these authentication protocols.

🔑 Note:

In this documentation, "SSL" refers to both TLS (Transport Layer Security) and SSL (Secure Sockets Layer). The driver supports TLS 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2. The SSL version used for the connection is the highest version that is supported by both the driver and the server.

The driver provides mechanisms that enable you to authenticate your connection using the Kerberos protocol, your Impala user name only, or your Impala user name and password. You must use the authentication mechanism that matches the security requirements of the Impala server. For information about determining the appropriate authentication mechanism to use based on the Impala server configuration, see Authentication Options on page 56. For detailed driver configuration instructions, see Configuring Authentication on Windows on page 11 or Configuring Authentication on a Non-Windows Machine on page 45.

Additionally, the driver supports SSL connections with or without one-way authentication. If the server has an SSL-enabled socket, then you can configure the driver to connect to it.
It is recommended that you enable SSL whenever you connect to a server that is configured to support it. SSL encryption protects data and credentials when they are transferred over the network, and provides stronger security than authentication alone. For detailed configuration instructions, see Configuring SSL Verification on Windows on page 16 or Configuring SSL Verification on a Non-Windows Machine on page 49.
Driver Configuration Options

Driver Configuration Options lists the configuration options available in the Simba Impala ODBC Driver alphabetically by field or button label. Options having only key names, that is, not appearing in the user interface of the driver, are listed alphabetically by key name.

When creating or configuring a connection from a Windows machine, the fields and buttons are available in the following dialog boxes:

- Simba Impala ODBC Driver DSN Setup
- Advanced Options
- Keytab Options
- Server Side Properties
- SSL Options

When using a connection string, configuring driver-wide settings, or configuring a connection from a Linux/macOS/AIX/Solaris machine, use the key names provided.

Note:
Settings in the connection string take precedence over settings in the DSN, and settings in the DSN take precedence over driver-wide settings.

Configuration Options Appearing in the User Interface

The following configuration options are accessible via the Windows user interface for the Simba Impala ODBC Driver, or via the key name when using a connection string, configuring driver-wide settings, or configuring a connection from a Linux/macOS/AIX/Solaris machine:

- Allow Common Name Host Name Mismatch on page 67
- Allow Self-Signed Server Certificate on page 68
- Async Exec Poll Interval on page 68
- Canonicalize Principal FQDN on page 69
- Password on page 76
- Port on page 76
- Realm on page 77
- Restrict Metadata with Current Schema on page 77
- Rows Fetched Per Block on page 77
- Save Password (Encrypted) on
• Check Certificate Revocation on page 69
• Convert Key Name to Lower Case on page 70
• Database on page 70
• Default Keytab File on page 70
• Delegation UID on page 71
• Enable Auto Reconnect on page 71
• Enable Simulated Transactions on page 72
• Enable SSL on page 72
• Host on page 73
• Host FQDN on page 73
• Log Level on page 73
• Log Path on page 74
• Mechanism on page 76

Allow Common Name Host Name Mismatch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AllowHostNameCNMismatch</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether a CA-issued SSL certificate name must match the host name of the Impala server.

Note:

The key for this option used to be CAIssuedCertNamesMismatch, and will still be recognized by the driver under that key. If both keys are defined, AllowHostNameCNMismatch will take precedence.

• Enabled (1): The driver allows a CA-issued SSL certificate name to not match the host name of the Impala server.
• Disabled (0): The CA-issued SSL certificate name must match the host name of the Impala server.
Allow Self-Signed Server Certificate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AllowSelfSignedServerCert</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description
This option specifies whether the driver allows self-signed certificates from the server.

- Enabled (1): The driver authenticates the Impala server even if the server is using a self-signed certificate.
- Disabled (0): The driver does not allow self-signed certificates from the server.

Async Exec Poll Interval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AsyncExecPollInterval</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description
The time in milliseconds between each poll for the query execution status.
"Asynchronous execution" refers to the fact that the RPC call used to execute a query against Impala is asynchronous. It does not mean that ODBC asynchronous operations are supported.
Canonicalize Principal FQDN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ServicePrincipal Canonicalization</td>
<td>Selected (1)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the Kerberos layer canonicalizes the host FQDN in the server’s service principal name.

- Enabled (1): The Kerberos layer canonicalizes the host FQDN in the server’s service principal name.
- Disabled (0): The Kerberos layer does not canonicalize the host FQDN in the server’s service principal name.

Note:

- This option only affects MIT Kerberos, and is ignored when using Active Directory Kerberos.
- This option can only be disabled if the Kerberos Realm or KrbRealm key is specified.

Check Certificate Revocation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CheckCertRevocation</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver checks to see if a certificate has been revoked while retrieving a certificate chain from the Windows Trust Store.

This option is only applicable if you are using a CA certificate from the Windows Trust Store (see UseSystem Trust Store on page 85).

- Enabled (1): The driver checks for certificate revocation while retrieving a certificate chain from the Windows Trust Store.
- Disabled (0): The driver does not check for certificate revocation while retrieving a certificate chain from the Windows Trust Store.
### Convert Key Name to Lower Case

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCaseSspKeyName</td>
<td>Selected (1)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This option specifies whether the driver converts server-side property key names to all lower-case characters.

- Enabled (1): The driver converts server-side property key names to all lower-case characters.
- Disabled (0): The driver does not modify the server-side property key names.

### Database

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schema</td>
<td>default</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

The name of the database schema to use when a schema is not explicitly specified in a query. You can still issue queries on other schemas by explicitly specifying the schema in the query.

**Note:**

To inspect your databases and determine the appropriate schema to use, at the Impala command prompt, type `show databases`.

### Default Keytab File

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DefaultKeytabFile</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Description

The full path to the keytab file that the driver uses to obtain the ticket for Kerberos authentication.

序幕 Note:

- This option is applicable only when the authentication mechanism is set to Kerberos (AuthMech=1) and the Use Keytab option is enabled (UseKeytab=1).
- If the UPN Keytab Mapping File option (the UPNKeytabMappingFile key) is set to a JSON file with a valid mapping to a keytab, then that keytab takes precedence.

If you do not set this option but the Use Keytab option is enabled (UseKeytab=1), then the MIT Kerberos library will search for a keytab using the following search order:

- The file specified by the KRB5_KTNAME environment variable.
- The default keytab name setting in the [libdefaults] section of the Kerberos configuration file (krb5.conf/krb5.ini).
- The default keytab file specified in the MIT Kerberos library. Typically, the default file is C:\Windows\krb5kt for Windows platforms and /etc/krb5.keytab for non-Windows platforms.

Delegation UID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DelegationUID</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

If a value is specified for this setting, the driver delegates all operations against Impala to the specified user, rather than to the authenticated user for the connection.

Enable Auto Reconnect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AutoReconnect</td>
<td>Selected (1)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Description

This option specifies whether the driver attempts to automatically reconnect to the server when a communication link error occurs.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver attempts to reconnect.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver does not attempt to reconnect.

Enable Simulated Transactions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EnableSimulatedTransactions</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver should simulate transactions, or return an error.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver simulates transactions, enabling queries that contain transaction statements to be run successfully. The transactions are not executed.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver returns an error if it attempts to run a query that contains transaction statements.

⚠️ **Note:**

ODBC does not support transaction statements, so they cannot be executed.

Enable SSL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SSL</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the client uses an SSL encrypted connection to communicate with the Impala.

- **Enabled (1):** The client communicates with the Impala using SSL.
- **Disabled (0):** SSL is disabled.
SSL is configured independently of authentication. When authentication and SSL are both enabled, the driver performs the specified authentication method over an SSL connection.

**Host**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Host</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**
The IP address or host name of the Impala server.

**Host FQDN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KrbFQDN</td>
<td>_HOST</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**
The fully qualified domain name of the Impala host.

When the value of Host FQDN is _HOST, the driver uses the Impala server host name as the fully qualified domain name for Kerberos authentication.

**Log Level**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LogLevel</td>
<td>OFF (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**
Use this property to enable or disable logging in the driver and to specify the amount of detail included in log files.
Important:

- Only enable logging long enough to capture an issue. Logging decreases performance and can consume a large quantity of disk space.
- This option is not supported in connection strings. To configure logging for the Windows driver, you must use the Logging Options dialog box. To configure logging for a non-Windows driver, you must use the simba.impalaodbc.ini file.

Set the property to one of the following values:

- OFF (0): Disable all logging.
- FATAL (1): Logs severe error events that lead the driver to abort.
- ERROR (2): Logs error events that might allow the driver to continue running.
- WARNING (3): Logs events that might result in an error if action is not taken.
- INFO (4): Logs general information that describes the progress of the driver.
- DEBUG (5): Logs detailed information that is useful for debugging the driver.
- TRACE (6): Logs all driver activity.

When logging is enabled, the driver produces two log files at the location you specify in the Log Path (LogPath) property, where [DriverName] is the name of the driver:

- A ImpalaODBC_driver.log file that logs driver activity that is not specific to a connection.
- A [DriverName]_connection_[Number].log for each connection made to the database, where [Number] is a number that identifies each log file. This file logs driver activity that is specific to the connection.

### Log Path

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LogPath</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Yes, if logging is enabled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

The full path to the folder where the driver saves log files when logging is enabled.
Max File Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LogFileSize</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The maximum size of each log file in megabytes (MB). After the maximum file size is reached, the driver creates a new file and continues logging.

Max Number Files

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LogFileCount</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The maximum number of log files to keep. After the maximum number of log files is reached, each time an additional file is created, the driver deletes the oldest log file.
Mechanism

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AuthMech</td>
<td>No Authentication (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The authentication mechanism to use.

Select one of the following settings, or set the key to the corresponding number:

- No Authentication (0)
- Kerberos (1)
- SASL User Name (2)
- User Name And Password (3)

Password

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PWD</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Yes, if the authentication mechanism is User Name And Password (3).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The password corresponding to the user name that you provided in the User Name field (the UID key).

Port

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>21050</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The TCP port that the Impala server uses to listen for client connections.
Realm

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KrbRealm</td>
<td>NULL</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The realm of the Impala host.

If your Kerberos configuration already defines the realm of the Impala host as the default realm, then you do not need to configure this option.

Restrict Metadata with Current Schema

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CurrentSchema</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RestrictedMetadata</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver should restrict catalog function results to tables and views in the current schema if a catalog function call is made without specifying a schema, or if the schema is specified as the wildcard character %.

Note:

Restricting results to the tables and views in the current schema may improve the performance of catalog calls that do not specify a schema.

- Enabled (1): The driver restricts catalog function results to the current schema if a schema is not specified.
- Disabled (0): The driver does not restrict catalog function results to the current schema if a schema is not specified.

Rows Fetched Per Block

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RowsFetchedPerBlock</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Description

The maximum number of rows that a query returns at a time.

Valid values for this setting include any positive 32-bit integer. However, testing has shown that performance gains are marginal beyond the default value of 10000 rows.

Save Password (Encrypted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Selected</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the password is saved in the registry.

- Enabled: The password is saved in the registry.
- Disabled: The password is not saved in the registry.

This option is available only in the Windows driver. It appears in the Simba Impala ODBC Driver DSN Setup dialog box.

⚠️ Important:

The password is obscured (not saved in plain text). However, it is still possible for the encrypted password to be copied and used.

Service Name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KrbServiceName</td>
<td>impala</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The Kerberos service principal name of the Impala server.
Socket Timeout

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SocketTimeout</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The number of seconds after which Impala closes the connection with the client application if the connection is idle.

When this option is set to 0, the connection does not time out.

String Column Length

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>StringColumnLength</td>
<td>32767</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The maximum number of characters that can be contained in STRING columns.

Transport Buffer Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TSaslTransportBufSize</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

The number of bytes to reserve in memory for buffering unencrypted data from the network.

>Note:

In most circumstances, the default value of 1000 bytes is optimal.
**Trusted Certificates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TrustedCerts</td>
<td>The <code>cacerts.pem</code> file in the <code>\lib</code> subfolder within the driver's installation directory. The exact file path varies depending on the version of the driver that is installed. For example, the path for the Windows driver is different from the path for the macOS driver.</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

The full path of the `.pem` file containing trusted CA certificates, for verifying the server when using SSL.

If this option is not set, then the driver defaults to using the trusted CA certificates `.pem` file installed by the driver.

⚠️ **Important:**

If you are connecting from a Windows machine and the Use System Trust Store option is enabled, then the driver uses the certificates from the Windows system trust store instead of your specified `.pem` file. For more information, see UseSystem Trust Store on page 85.

**UPN Keytab Mapping File**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UPNKeytabMappingFile</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

The full path to a JSON file that maps your Impala user name to a Kerberos user principal name and a keytab file.
Note:
This option is applicable only when the authentication mechanism is set to Kerberos (AuthMech=1) and the Use Keytab option is enabled (UseKeytab=1).

The mapping in the JSON file must be written using the following schema, where [UserName] is the Impala user name, [KerberosUPN] is the Kerberos user principal name, and [KeytabFile] is the full path to the keytab file:

```json
{
   "[UserName]": {
      "principal": "[KerberosUPN]",
      "keytabfile": "[KeytabFile]"
   },
   ...
}
```

For example, the following file maps the Impala user name simba to the simba@SIMBA Kerberos user principal name and the C:\Temp\simba.keytab file:

```json
{
   "simba": {
      "principal": "simba@SIMBA",
      "keytabfile": "C:\Temp\simba.keytab"
   },
   ...
}
```

If parts of the mapping are invalid or not defined, then the following occurs:

- If the mapping file fails to specify a Kerberos user principal name, then the driver uses the Impala user name as the Kerberos user principal name.
- If the mapping file fails to specify a keytab file, then the driver uses the keytab file that is specified in the Default Keytab File setting.
- If the entire mapping file is invalid or not defined, then the driver does both of the actions described above.

Use Keytab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseKeytab</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Description

This option specifies whether the driver obtains the ticket for Kerberos authentication by using a keytab.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver uses a keytab to obtain a ticket before authenticating the connection using Kerberos.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver does not attempt to obtain the Kerberos ticket, and assumes that a valid ticket is already available in the credentials cache.

💡 Note:

This option is applicable only when the authentication mechanism is set to Kerberos (AuthMech=1).

If you enable this option but do not set the Default Keytab File option (the DefaultKeytabFile key), then the MIT Kerberos library will search for a keytab file using the following search order:

1. The file specified by the KRB5_KTNAME environment variable.
2. The default_keytab_name setting in the [libdefaults] section of the Kerberos configuration file (krb5.conf/krb5.ini).
3. The default keytab file specified in the MIT Kerberos library. Typically, the default file is C:\Windows\krb5kt for Windows platforms.

Use Native Query

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseNativeQuery</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver uses native queries, or converts them into an equivalent form in .

- **Enabled (1):** The driver does not transform the queries emitted by an application, and executes queries directly.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver transforms the queries emitted by an application and converts them into an equivalent form in .
**Note:**

If the application is Impala-aware and already emits, then enable this option to avoid the extra overhead of query transformation.

### Use Only SSPI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseOnlySSPI</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This option specifies how the driver handles Kerberos authentication: either with the SSPI plugin or with MIT Kerberos.

- **Enable For This DSN (1 in the DSN entry in the registry):** The driver handles Kerberos authentication in the DSN connection by using the SSPI plugin instead of MIT Kerberos by default.

- **Enable For DSN-less Connections (1 in the driver configuration section of the registry):** The driver handles Kerberos authentication in DSN-less connections by using the SSPI plugin instead of MIT Kerberos by default.

If you want all connections that use the Simba Impala ODBC Driver to use the SSPI plugin by default, then enable Use Only SSPI for both DSN and DSN-less connections.

- **Disabled (0):** The driver uses MIT Kerberos to handle Kerberos authentication, and only uses the SSPI plugin if the GSSAPI library is not available.

**Important:**

This option is available only in the Windows driver.
Use Simple Authentication and Security Layer (SASL)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseSASL</td>
<td>0 if using No Authentication. 1 if using User Name And Password or Kerberos or SASL User Name authentication.</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This option specifies whether the driver uses SASL to handle authentication.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver uses SASL to handle authentication.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver does not use SASL.

This option is configurable only when you are using the User Name And Password authentication mechanism. If the driver is configured to use the other authentication mechanisms, then it uses the default setting for the Use Simple Authentication and Security Layer (SASL) option.

Use SQL Unicode Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseSQLUnicodeTypes</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This option specifies the SQL types to be returned for string data types.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver returns SQL_WVARCHAR for STRING and VARCHAR columns, and returns SQL_WCHAR for CHAR columns.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver returns SQL_VARCHAR for STRING and VARCHAR columns, and returns SQL_CHAR for CHAR columns.
- **Enabled (1):** The driver returns SQL_WVARCHAR for ARRAY, MAP, STRING, STRUCT, and VARCHAR columns.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver returns SQL_VARCHAR for ARRAY, MAP, STRING, STRUCT, and VARCHAR columns.
**UseSystem Trust Store**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseSystemTrustStore</td>
<td>Clear (0)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This option specifies whether to use a CA certificate from the system trust store, or from a specified PEM file.

- **Enabled (1):** The driver verifies the connection using a certificate in the system trust store.
- **Disabled (0):** The driver verifies the connection using a specified PEM file.

**Note:**

This option is only available on Windows.

**User Name**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UID</td>
<td>For User Name (2) authentication only, the default value is anonymous</td>
<td>Yes, if the authentication mechanism is User Name And Password (3). No, if the authentication mechanism is SASL User Name (2).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

The user name that you use to access the Impala server.
Configuration Options Having Only Key Names

The following configuration options do not appear in the Windows user interface for the Simba Impala ODBC Driver. They are accessible only when you use a connection string, configure driver-wide settings, or configure a connection from a Linux/macOS/AIX/Solaris machine:

- DelegationUserIDCase on page 86
- Driver on page 86
- SSP_ on page 87
- UseLogPrefix on page 88

DelegationUserIDCase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DelegationUserIDCase</td>
<td>Unchanged</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver changes the Delegation UID (or DelegationUID) value to all upper-case or all lower-case. The following values are supported:

- **Upper**: Change the delegated user name to all upper-case.
- **Lower**: Change the delegated user name to all lower-case.
- **Unchanged**: Do not modify the delegated user name.

For more information about delegating a user name, see Delegation UID on page 71.

Driver

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Driver</td>
<td>Simba Impala ODBC Driver when installed on Windows, or the absolute path of the driver shared object file when installed on a non-Windows machine.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

www.simba.com
**Description**

On Windows, the name of the installed driver (Simba Impala ODBC Driver).

On other platforms, the name of the installed driver as specified in odbcinst.ini, or the absolute path of the driver shared object file.

**SSP_**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SSP_</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

Set a server-side property by using the following syntax, where [SSPKey] is the name of the server-side property and [SSPValue] is the value for that property:

SSP_[SSPKey]=[SSPValue]

For example:

SSP_MEM_LIMIT=1000000000
SSP_REQUEST_POOL=myPool

Or, to set those properties in a connection string, type the following:

SSP_MEM_LIMIT={1000000000};SSP_REQUEST_POOL={myPool}

After the driver applies the server-side property, the SSP_ prefix is removed from the DSN entry, leaving an entry of [SSPKey]=[SSPValue].

⚠️ **Important:**

This property is supported only for connections to Impala 2.0 or later. In earlier versions of Impala, the SET statement can only be executed from within the Impala shell.

📝 **Note:**

- The SSP_ prefix must be upper case.
- When setting a server-side property in a connection string, it is recommended that you enclose the value in braces ({ }) to make sure that special characters can be properly escaped.
UseLogPrefix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseLogPrefix</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description

This option specifies whether the driver includes a prefix in the names of log files so that the files can be distinguished by user and application.

- **1**: The driver prefixes log file names with the user name and process ID associated with the connection that is being logged. For example, if you are connecting as a user named "jdoe" and using the driver in an application with process ID 7836, the generated log files would be named `jdoe_7836_ImpalaODBC_driver.log` and `jdoe_7836_SimbaImpalaODBCDriver_connection_[Number].log`, where `[Number]` is a number that identifies each connection-specific log file.
- **0**: The driver does not include the prefix in log file names.
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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in src/lib/gssapi, including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

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    kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
    lib/kdb/iprop.x
    lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
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